Getting Started

448460 Fall 2016 09/13/2016 Kyoung Shin Park Dankook University

Why are we here?

■ To build iPhone/iPad applications using Swift



Overview

- Getting Started
- □ iOS Overview
- OOP

2

Requirements



- Hardware & Software
 - Intel-based Macintosh, running Mac OS X 10.10 Yosemite
 - Hardware required for final project (iPad) and iPad loaners available
 - iPhone SDK iOS 9 & Xcode 7
- Apple Developer Account
 - http://developer.apple.com/programs/start/register/create.php
 - Sign up for Apple's iOS Developer Program
 - You must have an Intel-based Mac running on Mac OS X Yosemite or later to develop Mac OS X and iOS apps for the App Store.

iPhone SDK

- □ Go to iOS Dev Center
 - https://developer.apple com/xcode/downloads/
- □ Download Xcode 7
 - Included iOS SDK : iOS 9
 - Included Max SDK : Mac OS X 10.10
 - Included Swift 2



.

iOS Overview

iPhone SDK

- □ Uninstall older version of Xcode
 - http://macdevelopertips.com/xcode/how-to-uninstallxcode.html
 - sudo <Xcode>/Library/uninstall-devtools --mode=all
- □ Install Xcode
 - Double-clicking on "xcode_xxx.dmg"
- □ Launch Xcode
 - Open "Macintosh HD" (finder) and then go to >Developer>Applications>Xcode



Mac OS X



iPhone OS



Core OS

OS X Kernel Power Mgmt
Mach 2.0 Keychain
BSD Certificates
Sockets File System
Security Bonjour

iPhone OS



Core Services

Collections Core Location
Address Book Net Services
Networking Threading
File Access Preferences
SQLite URL Utilities

10

iPhone OS



Media

Core Audio JPEG, PNG, TIFF

11

OpenAL PDF Audio Mixing Quartz (2D)

Audio Recording Core Animation Video Playback OpenGL ES

iPhone OS



Cocoa Touch

Multi-Touch Alerts
Core Motion Web View
View Hierarchy Map Kit
Localization Image Picker
Controls Camera

Platform Components

Tools





Instruments

Frameworks





15

Language (& Runtime)

let value = formatter.numberFromString(display.text!)?.doubleValue

Swift

Cocoa Touch Architecture

Cocoa Touch

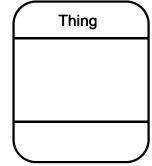
UIKit User interface elements Application runtime Event handling Hardware APIs

Foundation Utility classes Collection classes

Object wrappers for system services Subset of Foundation in Cocoa

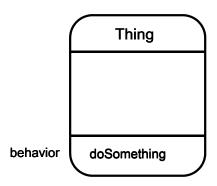
Object-Oriented Programming

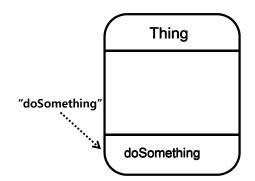
Object



Behavior

Message

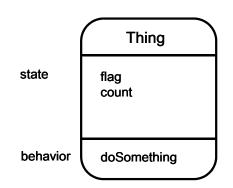




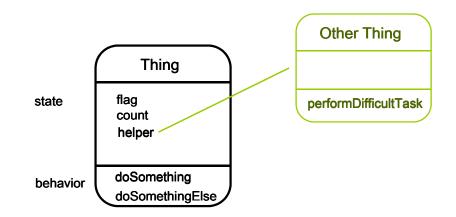
18

State

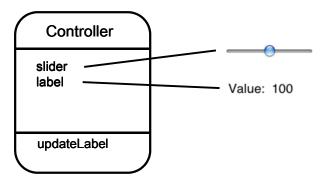
Other Objects As State



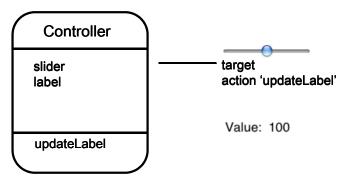
19



Outlets



Target/Action



22

Demo



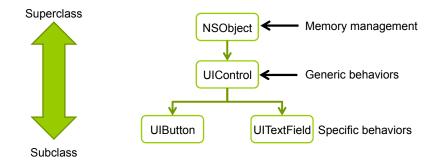
Object-Oriented Programming

- Class
 - Defines the grouping of data and code, the "type" of an object
- Instance
 - A specific allocation of a class
- Message
 - Sent to objects to make them act
- Method
 - A "function" that an object knows how to perform
- Instance variable
 - A specific piece of data belonging to an object
- Property
 - A way to access instance variables and other attributes of an object

Object-Oriented Programming

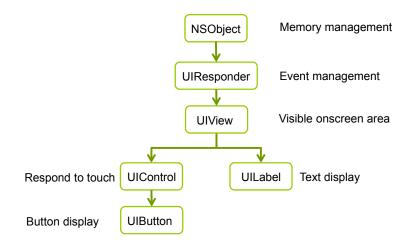
- Encapsulation
 - Keep implementation private and separate from interface
- Polymorphism
 - Different objects, same interface
- Inheritance
 - Hierarchical organization, share code, customize or extend behaviors

Inheritance

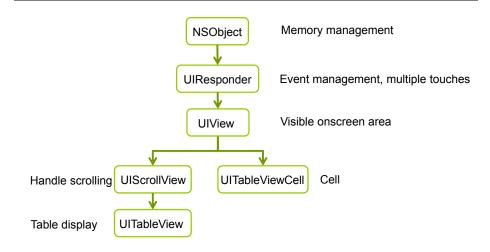


- Hierarchical relation between classes
- Subclass "inherit" behavior and data from superclass
- □ Subclasses can use, augment or replace superclass methods

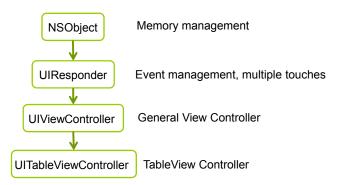
Inheritance



Inheritance



Inheritance



References

■ Lecture 1 Slide from Developing iOS8 Apps with Swift (Winter 2015) @Stanford University